Company Registration No. 421395 (Ireland)

CORK UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL CHARITY COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Kevin Mulcahy

Michael Molloy Edmond P. Cahill Anthony O'Leary David Mullane Richard Martin Michael Maher Norma O'Callaghan Ann Doherty

Kevin Mulcahy

Charity number 17293

Secretary

Company number 421395

Principal address Cork University Hospital,

Wilton, Cork.

Registered office C/o Moore Stephens,

83 South Mall,

Cork.

Auditor Moore

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm, 83 South Mall,

Cork.

Bankers Permanent TSB

1 Curraheen Road Bishopstown

Cork.

Ulster Bank, High Street, Wilton, Cork.

Solicitors JW O'Donovan Solicitors

53 South Mall

Cork

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TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The trustees present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Companies Act 2014 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015)".

Objectives and activities

The company, Cork University Hospital Charity Company Limited by Guarantee which has a charitable status (CHY 17293), was established with the aim of provided a wide range of life changing and life saving facilities and services for patients in covering a region of up to 1.5 million people. Operating as a centre of excellence for over 42 different medical and surgical specialities on the campus including Cancer Services, Cardiac and Renal Services, Paediatrics, Neurosciences, Renal Medicine, Obstetrics and Emergency Medicine, CUH is unique as it is the only Level 1 Trauma Hospital in the country.

Principal risk and uncertainty

The main risk facing the charity is the financial risk associated with the nature of its revenue source being donations which are dependent on the prevailing economic climate and as such may fluctuate.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Achievements and performance

The total income for the year ended 31 December 2018 is €1,073,951 reflecting a 15% increase in income on the previous financial year. The key fundraising projects for 2018 were The Climb of Carrauntoohil for Cancer, Pink Week in aid of Breast Cancer, the Radiothon which is run in conjunction with Cork's 96FM for Cancer and Paediatrics and the Charity's Gala Ball. Through these events we have raised the awareness of the charity across Munster and have worked to make these events that can grow into subsequent years.

The majority of our donations continue to come from grateful patients, families and friends who continue to support the work of the departments and units in CUH and CUMH, where their families and loved ones receive medical care and attention. Our fundraising activities are guided by annual fundraising implementation plans under our overall Strategic Plan for the year. Our objective every year is to work closely with CUH and CUMH staff across the campus to raise much-needed funds for the hospital, while also raising the profile of the charity and its work in the hospital and community.

We expended €377,743 compared to a total of €300,352 in the previous year on charitable activities to departments and programmes in the hospital. Some of these disbursements included over €80,000 being spent on research projects in the area of Neurology; approximately €47,000 provided to the Neo-natal department in CUMH for new incubators; another €16,000 was provided to the Oncology department in CUH for the purchase of new ultrasound machines as well as funding being provided to multiple departments within CUH for the purchase of new bed screens and curtains required in patient rooms.

Financial review

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

Post balance sheet events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in financial years subsequent to the financial period ended 31 December 2018.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Structure, governance and management

The charity is a company limited by guarantee. There is a voluntary board of trustees and the charity is structured with an overall Head of Fundraising and a Finance Committee.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year were:

Kevin Mulcahy Michael Mollov Edmond P. Cahill Anthony O'Leary

David Mullane Richard Martin Ber Baker

Michael Maher

Norma O'Callaghan Ann Doherty

(Resigned 21 August 2019)

Administrave Details

Charity Number: 17293 Company Number: 421395

Auditor

In accordance with the Companies Act 2014, section 383(2), Moore continue in office as auditors of the

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the trustees in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- · so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board	
Kevin Mulcahy	Michael Molloy
Trustee	Trustee
Dated:	

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and Accounting Standards (Ireland Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in Ireland requires the trustees to prepared financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Kevin Mulcahy	Michael Molloy
Trustee	Trustee
Dated:	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CORK UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL CHARITY COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

We have audited the financial statements of Cork University Hospital Charity Company Limited by Guarantee for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (Ireland) required us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CORK UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL CHARITY COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of our obligation under the Companies Act 2014 to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of the trustees remuneration and transactions specified by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made.

Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements.

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are reponsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements located on IAASA's website at: http://www.iaasa.ie/Publications/Auditing-standards/International-Standards-on-Auditing-(Ireland)/ISA-700-(Ireland). This description forms part of our audit report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CORK UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL CHARITY COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsiblilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Callaghan
for and on behalf of Moore
Chartered Accountants and
Statutory Audit Firm,
83 South Mall,
Cork.

Date signed:	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total 2018	Total 2017
Income from:	Notes	€	€	€	€
Donations and income from fundraising	3	311,959	_	311,959	355,869
Income from charitable activities	4	-	761,992	761,992	574,697
Total income		311,959	761,992	1,073,951	930,566
Expenditure on:					
Raising funds	5	98,154	_	98,154	231,506
Charitable activities	6	157,189	377,743	534,932	473,026
Total resources expended		255,343	377,743	633,086	704,532
Net income for the year/ Net movement in funds		56,616	384,249	440,865	226,034
Fund balances at 1 January 2018		63,914	1,865,431	1,929,345	1,703,311
Fund balances at 31 December 2018		120,530	2,249,680	2,370,210	1,929,345
					

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		11,377		10,443
Current assets					
Debtors	12	3,332		3,934	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,371,259		1,939,624	
		2,374,591		1,943,558	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	13			(= (= ==)	
one year		(15,758)		(24,656)	
Net current assets			2,358,833		1,918,902
			0.070.040		4 000 045
Total assets less current liabilities			2,370,210		1,929,345

Income funds					
Restricted funds	14		2,249,680		1,865,431
Unrestricted funds			120,530		63,914
			2,370,210		1,929,345
			And the control of the control		

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on _____ and signed on its behalf by:

Kevin Mulcahy Michael Molloy Trustee Trustee

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	20 [.] €	18 €	20¹ €	17 €
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	17		436,430		235,369
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(4,786)		(1,305)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(4,786)		(1,305)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase in cash and cash equiva	lents		431,644		234,064
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	of year		1,939,615		1,705,551
Cash and cash equivalents at end of y	year		2,371,259		1,939,615
Relating to: Bank balances and short term deposits Bank overdrafts			2,371,259		1,939,624 (9)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Cork University Hospital Charity Company Limited by Guarantee is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. In the event of the charity being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to €1 per member of the charity.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 as it applies from 1 January 2015 and the Companies Act 2014. The is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and the principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees' continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Donated professional services and donated facilities are recognised as income when the charity has control over the item, any conditions associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from use by the charity of the item is probable and that economic benefit can be measured reliably.

On receipt, donated professional services and donated facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain services or facilities of equivalent economic benefit on the open market; a corresponding amount is then recognised as expenditure in the period of receipt.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

Unrestricted funds are available to spend on activities that further any of the purposes of the charity. Restricted funds are donations which the donor has specified are to be solely used for particular areas of the 's work or for specific projects being undertaken by the charity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Resources expended

Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities. Support costs include back office costs, finance, personnel, payroll and governance costs which support the companies activities. These costs have been allocated between the cost of raising funds and expenditure on charitable activities. The bases on which support costs have been allocated are set out in note 7.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office Equipment 20% SL Computer Equipment 20% SL

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in income/(expenditure) for the year, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried in at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

The directors are of the view that there are no judgements (apart from those involving estimates) in applying their accounting policies that have had a significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Annual Depreciation Charge

The annual depreciation charge for tangible fixed assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors are of the view that there are no estimates or assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount if assets and liabilities.

3 Donations and income from fundraising

201	18	2017
	€	€
Donations and income from fundraising 311,95	59	355,869

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Income from charitable activities

For the year ended 31 December 2017 Restricted funds	Analysis by fund Restricted funds	Income from charitable activities	
142,626	195,274	195,274	Cancer services €
158,152	406,467	406,467	Cancer Paediatric ervices services € €
81,637	91,026	91,026	Other services €
156,651	46,103	46,103	Maternity of services €
23,605	8,425	8,425	Maternity Cardiology Neurology services services € € €
12,026	14,697	14,697	Neurology services €
	761,992	761,992	Total 2018 €
574,697		574,697	Total 2017 €

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

5	Raising funds				
				2018	2017
				€	€
	Fundraising and publicity			70.005	405 444
	Direct costs Staff costs			72,905 25,249	185,111 46,395
	Fundraising and publicity			98,154	231,506
6	Charitable activities				
		Restricted Funds €	General Funds €	Total 2018 €	Total 2017 €
	Marketing, Advertising & Public relation Costs Distribution of funds	- 377,743	6,058 -	6,058 377,743	6,392 300,352
		377,743	6,058	383,801	306,744
	Share of support costs (see note 7)	_	138,841	138,841	144,415
	Share of governance costs (see note 7)	-	12,290	12,290	21,867
		377,743 	157,189	534,932	473,026 ———
	Analysis by fund Unrestricted funds		157,189	157,189	172,674
	Restricted funds	377,743	137,109	377,743	300,352
		377,743	157,189	534,932	473,026

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Support Governance		2018	2017	Basis of allocation	
	costs	costs	_	_		
	€	€	€	€		
Staff costs	100,660	4,208	104,868	107,304	Time incurred	
Depreciation	3,852	-	3,852	4,000		
nsurance	3,530	_	3,530	3,461		
Computer costs	10,587	-	10,587	7,133		
Accountancy fees	3,358	- -	3,358	5,953		
Subscriptions	1,265	_	1,265	1,803		
Bank charges	3,817	_	3,817	3,981		
Stationery, printing &						
office supplies	6,992	-	6,992	14,561		
Telephone	2,102	.***	2,102	2,082		
Sundry expenses	2,678	-	2,678	1,870		
Audit fees	-	5,873	5,873	6,765	Governance	
_egal and professional	-	2,209	2,209	7,369	Governance	
	138,841	12,290	151,131	166,282		
Analysed between						
Charitable activities	138,841	12,290	151,131	166,282		
				·		

8 Trustees

7

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the company during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9 Employees

Num	ber	of e	emp	lov	ees

The average monthly number employees during the year was:

The arrange manner, manner ampropriate acting the year mach	2018 Number	2017 Number
Office administration full time	2	1
Office administration part time	1	1
Fundraising Manager	-	1
		
	3	3
Employment costs	2018	2017
	€	€
Wages and salaries	108,711	132,019
Social security costs	10,336	13,161
	119,047	145,180

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was €70,000 or more.

10 Tangible fixed assets

rangible fixed assets			
Current financial year	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 January 2018	3,734	18,842	22,576
Additions	400	4,386	4,786
At 31 December 2018	4,134	23,228	27,362
Depreciation and impairment			- -
At 1 January 2018	1,716	10,417	12,133
Depreciation charged in the year	827	3,025	3,852
At 31 December 2018	2,543	13,442	15,985
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	1,591	9,786	11,377
At 31 December 2017	2,018	8,425	10,443

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11	Financial instruments		2018	2017
• •	Thancia metaments		€	€
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities			
	Measured at amortised cost		10,657	8,557
12	Debtors			
			2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:		€	€
	Prepayments and accrued income		3,332	3,934
				-
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		4040	
			2018	2017
		Notes	€	€
	Bank overdrafts		-	9
	Other taxation and social security		5,101	16,090
	Accruals and deferred income		10,657	8,557
			15,758	24,656

14 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust for specific purposes:

	Movement in funds			
	Balance at 1 January 2018	Incoming resources	Distribution B of funds	Balance at 31 December 2018
	€	€	€	€
Cancer Services	174,057	195,274	(111,096)	258,235
Paediatrics	1,083,645	406,467	(16,406)	1,473,706
Other Restricted Funds	309,794	91,026	(88,178)	312,642
Neo Natal Maternity	116,105	46,103	(75,761)	86,447
Cardiology	70,526	8,425	(3,884)	75,067
Neurology	111,304	14,697	(82,418)	43,583
	1,865,431	761,992	(377,743)	2,249,680
				====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

15	Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
		funds €	funds €	€
	Fund balances at 31 December 2018 are represented by:	C	Č	•
	Tangible assets	11,377	=	11,377
	Current assets/(liabilities)	109,153	2,249,680	2,358,833
		120,530	2,249,680	2,370,210
16	Related party transactions			
	There were no related party transactions during the year (2017- none).		
17	Cash generated from operations		2018 €	2017 €
	Surplus for the year		440,865	226,034
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets		3,852	4,000
	Movements in working capital:			
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors		602	(1,412)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors		(8,889)	6,747
	Cash generated from operations		436,430	235,369
18	Approval of financial statements		CONTRACTOR AND	
	The board of directors approved the financial statements for	or issue on the		